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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

KATRINA DOBEY,
on behalf of herself and
FLSA Collective Plaintiffs,

Plaintiff,

Case No.:

v.

COMPLAINT

Jury Trial Demanded

MCQUEEN & JORDAN ENTERPRISES, INC.
and CONRAD GRAHAM,

Defendants.

Plaintiff, KATRINA DOBEY, (hereinafter, "Plaintiff"), on behalf of herself and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs, by and through her undersigned attorney, hereby files this Complaint against Defendants, MCQUEEN & JORDAN ENTERPRISES, INC. and CONRAD GRAHAM (each individually, "Defendant" or, collectively, "Defendants"), and states as follows:

INTRODUCTION

1. Plaintiff alleges, pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§201 *et. seq.* (“FLSA”), that she and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs are entitled to recover from Defendants: (1) unpaid overtime, (2) unpaid minimum wages, (3) liquidated damages and (4) attorneys’ fees and costs.
2. Plaintiff further alleges that, pursuant to the New York Labor Law, she and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs are entitled to recover from Defendants: (1) unpaid overtime, (2) unpaid minimum wages, (3) liquidated damages and statutory penalties and (4) attorneys’ fees and costs.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

3. This Court has jurisdiction over this controversy pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §216(b), 28 U.S.C. §§1331, 1337 and 1343, and has supplemental jurisdiction over state law claims of Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1337.
4. Venue is proper in the Eastern District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1331.

PARTIES

5. Plaintiff, KATRINA DOBEY, is a resident of Kings County, New York.
6. Upon information and belief, Defendant, MCQUEEN & JORDAN ENTERPRISES, INC., is a domestic business corporation organized under the laws of New York, with a principal place of business and an address for service of process located at 128-07 235th Street, Laurelton, New York, NY 11422.
7. Upon information and belief, Defendant, CONRAD GRAHAM, is the Chairman or Chief Executive Officer of Defendant, MCQUEEN & JORDAN ENTERPRISES, INC. CONRAD GRAHAM exercised control over the terms and conditions of Plaintiff’s employment and those of FLSA Collective Plaintiffs. With respect to Plaintiff and other FLSA Collective

Plaintiffs, he exercised his power to (i) fire and hire, (ii) determine rate and method of pay, (iii) set employee schedules, and (iv) otherwise affect the quality of employment. Plaintiff was hired directly by CONRAD GRAHAM.

8. At all relevant times, the work performed by Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs was directly essential to the business operated by Defendants.

9. Plaintiff has fulfilled all conditions precedent to the institution of this action and/or such conditions have been waived.

10. Plaintiff brings claims for relief as a collective action pursuant to FLSA Section 16(b), 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), on behalf of all non-exempt persons employed by Defendants on or after the date that is six years before the filing of the Complaint in this case as defined herein (“FLSA Collective Plaintiffs”).

11. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and the other FLSA Collective Plaintiffs are and have been similarly situated, have had substantially similar job requirements and pay provisions, and are and have been subjected to Defendants’ decisions, policies, plans, programs, practices, procedures, protocols, routines, and rules, all culminating in a willful failure and refusal to pay them minimum wage and overtime premium at the rate of one and one half times the regular rate for work in excess of forty (40) hours per workweek.

12. The claims for relief are properly brought under and maintained as an opt-in collective action pursuant to §16(b) of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. 216(b). The FLSA Collective Plaintiffs are readily ascertainable. For purposes of notice and other purposes related to this action, their names and addresses are readily available from the Defendants. Notice can be provided to the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs via first class mail to the last address known to Defendants.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

13. In or about April 2012, Plaintiff KATRINA DOBEY, was hired by Defendants and/or their predecessors, as applicable, to work as a cleaner for Defendants' cleaning business located at 128-07 235th Street, Laurelton, NY 11422. Plaintiff is currently employed by Defendants.

14. During the employment of Plaintiff KATRINA DOBEY, by Defendants, she regularly worked over forty (40) hours per week.

15. Specifically, throughout her employment, Plaintiff KATRINA DOBEY has been scheduled to work 5 days a week as follows: from 7:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m., with a one-hour lunch break each day; for a total of thirty-five (35) hours per week. However, Plaintiff usually stayed 30 minutes past her scheduled end time each workday, and approximately twice a month, she worked a day more (also from 7:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.) each week. Throughout her employment, she was never required to clock in or out. Throughout her entire employment, Plaintiff KATRINA DOBEY improperly received her compensation on a fixed salary basis. From the beginning of her employment until in or about July 2016, she was paid \$300 per week in cash. From in or about July 2016 until the present, she was paid \$350 per week in cash. There was never any agreement that Plaintiff's fixed salary was intended to cover her overtime compensation. Defendants willfully violated Plaintiff KATRINA DOBEY's rights by paying her on a fixed salary basis, in violation of the New York Labor Law because Plaintiff KATRINA DOBEY is a non-exempt employee who must be paid on an hourly basis.

16. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not paying Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs the FLSA overtime rate (of time and one-half) or the New York State overtime rate (of time and one-half).

17. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not paying either the FLSA minimum wage or the New York State minimum wage to the Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs.

18. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not providing a proper wage statement to Plaintiff and other non-exempt employees, in violation of the New York Labor Law. In fact, Plaintiff did not receive any wage statements during her period of employment with Defendants.

19. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not providing a proper wage notice to Plaintiff and other non-exempt employees at the beginning of employment and annually thereafter, in violation of the New York Labor Law.

20. Plaintiff retained Lee Litigation Group, PLLC to represent her and other employees similarly situated in this litigation and has agreed to pay the firm a reasonable fee for its services.

STATEMENT OF CLAIM

COUNT I

VIOLATION OF THE FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT

21. Plaintiff realleges and reavers Paragraphs 1 through 20 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

22. At all relevant times, upon information and belief, Defendants were and continue to be employers engaged in interstate commerce and/or the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §§ 206(a) and 207 (a). Further, Plaintiff is a covered individual within the meaning of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §§ 206(a) and 207 (a).

23. At all relevant times, Defendants employed Plaintiff within the meaning of the FLSA.

24. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times, Defendant, MCQUEEN & JORDAN ENTERPRISES, INC., had gross revenues in excess of \$500,000.

25. At all relevant times, the Defendants had a policy and practice of refusing to pay overtime compensation at the statutory rate of time and one-half to Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs for their hours worked in excess of forty hours per workweek.

26. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs overtime compensation in the lawful amount for hours worked in excess of the maximum hours provided for in the FLSA.

27. Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs worked hours for which they were not paid by Defendants the statutory minimum wage.

28. At all relevant times, the Defendants had a policy and practice of refusing to pay the statutory minimum wage to Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs for their hours worked.

29. Records, if any, concerning the number of hours worked by Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs and the actual compensation paid to Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs are in the possession and custody of the Defendants. Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs intend to obtain these records by appropriate discovery proceedings to be taken promptly in this case and, if necessary, will then seek leave of Court to amend this Complaint to set forth the precise amount due.

30. Defendants knew of and/or showed a willful disregard for the provisions of the FLSA as evidenced by their failure to compensate Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs at the statutory rate of time and one-half for their hours worked in excess of forty (40) hours per week when Defendants knew or should have known such was due.

31. Defendants failed to properly disclose or apprise Plaintiff of her rights under the FLSA.

32. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' willful disregard of the FLSA, Plaintiff is entitled to liquidated damages pursuant to the FLSA.

33. Due to the intentional, willful and unlawful acts of Defendants, Plaintiff suffered damages, plus an equal amount as liquidated damages.

34. Plaintiff is entitled to an award of her reasonable attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §216(b).

COUNT II

VIOLATION OF THE NEW YORK LABOR LAW

35. Plaintiff realleges and reavers Paragraphs 1 through 34 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

36. At all relevant times, Plaintiff was employed by the Defendants within the meaning of the New York Labor Law, §§2 and 651.

37. Defendants willfully violated Plaintiff's rights by failing to pay Plaintiff overtime compensation at rates not less than one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty hours in a workweek.

38. Defendants willfully violated Plaintiff's rights by failing to pay Plaintiff minimum wages in the lawful amount for hours worked.

39. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not providing a proper wage statement to Plaintiff and other non-exempt employees, in violation of the New York Labor Law.

40. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not providing a proper wage notice to Plaintiff and other non-exempt employees at the beginning of employment and annually thereafter, in violation of the New York Labor Law.

41. Defendants willfully violated Plaintiff's rights by paying him on a fixed salary basis, in violation of the New York Labor Law because Plaintiff is a non-exempt employee who must be paid on an hourly basis.

42. Due to the Defendants' New York Labor Law violations, Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendants her unpaid overtime, unpaid minimum wages, statutory penalties, damages for unreasonably delayed payments, reasonable attorneys' fees, and costs and disbursements of the action.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff on behalf of herself and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs, respectfully requests that this Court grant the following relief:

- a. A declaratory judgment that the practices complained of herein are unlawful under the FLSA and the New York Labor Law;
- b. An injunction against Defendants and their officers, agents, successors, employees, representatives and any and all persons acting in concert with them as provided by law, from engaging in each of the unlawful practices, policies and patterns set forth herein;
- c. An award of unpaid overtime compensation due under the FLSA and the New York Labor Law;
- d. An award of unpaid minimum wages due under the FLSA and the New York Labor Law;

- e. An award of liquidated and/or punitive damages as a result of Defendants' willful failure to pay overtime compensation and minimum wages pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216;
- f. An award of liquidated and/or punitive damages as a result of Defendants' willful failure to pay overtime compensation and minimum wages pursuant to the New York Labor Law;
- g. An award of statutory penalties, and prejudgment and post judgment interest;
- h. An award of costs and expenses of this action together with reasonable attorneys' and expert fees; and
- i. Such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

JURY DEMAND

Pursuant to Rule 38(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff demands trial by jury on all issues so triable as of right by jury.

Dated: March 27, 2017

Respectfully submitted,

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By: _____ /s/ C.K. Lee
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